JAMES GORDON BENNETT

FFICE N. W. CORNER OF FULTON AND NASSAU STS. THE DAILY HERALD, & cents per copy-\$7 per THE MEEKLY HERALD, every Saturday, at 5% cents per copy, or 35 per annum; the European Edition is per annum, it any part of Great Britain, and 55 to any ort of the Continent, both to michade the postage.

POLUNTARY CORRESPONDENCE, contoining the continues, solicited from any quarter of the world; of weed, will be liberally paid for. Our Forwise Correspondent are rankfucularly requirements are rankfucularly requirements are rankfucularly requirements. All LETTERN by mail, for Subscriptions, or with discretisements, to be post-paid, or the postage will be deducted from life money remitted.

doordisements, to be post-paid, or the postage will be de-ucted from the money remitted. NO NOTICES taken of anonymous communications. I do not return those rejected. ADVERTISE MENT'S renewed every morning. JOB PRINTING executed with neatness, cheapness,

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING. WERY THEATRE. BOWETY-MONTS-CRISTO.

BROADWAY THEATRE, Broadway-Teacher Tausic WIBLO'S GARDEN, Broadway-Equestrian Perporm-

BURTON'S THEATRE, Chambers street-Monning's Call.

NATIONAL THEATRE, Chatham street-GAMESTER-BROUGHAM'S LYCEUM, Broadway-SPIRIT OF AIR-

CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS, Mechanics' Hall, 472 Broadway

FELLOWS' MINSTRELS, Fellows' Musical Hall, No. 444

HORN & WHITE'S OPERA TROUPE, Coliseum, No. 450 AMERICAN MUSEUM-AMUSING PERFORMANCES AV-

NEW YORK AMPHITHEATRE, 37 Bowery-Equestrian WASHINGTON HALL-PANORAMA OF THE PILERIM'S

MINERVA ROOMS-PANORANA OF IRELAND.

MOPE CHAPEL-CONCERT BY THE ALLEGHANIANS. STOPPANI HALL-PANGRAMA OF HUNGARY.

DOUBLE SHEET

New York, Thursday, April 24, 1851.

Telegraphic Summary. A very singular account has been received by

telegraph of an affair in Michigan, which, if true, will create no common interest throughout the United States. The particulars of the whole story are published in the Detroit and even in the Albany journals of yesterday afternoon. We give the despatch as it has been received, but not without intimating that the affair may have been highly colored, even if there are full grounds for believing the report of it.

The election of Sumner in the Massachusetts Legislature has not yet been secured. Great excitement prevailed, after the announcement had been made by a free soil evening paper, yesterday, that he had been elected, but there was a reaction when it was ascertained, on the last bailot, that he fell short of the number of votes necessary to a choice. There were four ballotings yesterday, and the last, which was the twenty-third ballot in the election, showed Sumner to be four short of the requiste

The telegraph, yesterday, brought us the news of the death of Com. James Barron, senior Captain in the United States Navy. He expired on Monday afternoon, at Norfolk, aged 83. He had been in she service fifty-two years and ten months, out of which he had only been fifteen years and two menths on duty, and but four years and eight months engaged in active sea service. Com. Barron, it will be recollected, was in command of the Chesapeake, when fired into by the British ship Leopard, out of which grew the duel between him and Com. Decatur, resulting in the death of the

Arrival of the Asia-Later from Europe. The Asia, of the Cunard line of steamships, after a short passage from Liverpool, arrived at this port yesterlay, bringing three days later intelli-

The news is not very important. The condition of the cotton market is about the same as by the advices brought by the steamship Pacific, and was even heavy at the quotations cited on her arrival.

The political news presents no new features of any decided character. The most striking event but one that was anticipated, is the change in the ministry of Louis Napoleon. The material of his new cabinet will be found to contain some strength, but it is not likely that even the present majority, will long continue to stick to their present position. The chaotic state of politics in France is too apparent to be concealed by this temporary bull in the conflicting elements and aspirations of the present carious epoch.

Our columns contain full details of the other European news, some of which is of great interest, as indicating important future events, not far dis-

THE SPECIAL ELECTION NEXT MONTH-THE MANIPESTO OF THE DEMOCRATS.-We give elsewhere in our columns, to-day, the manifesto of the democrats, showing the opinions which they enter-tain of the recent catastrophe in Albany. This completes the whole case of the recent revolutionary termination of the Legislature, and the preparatory steps for the special election which is to be held next month. We have no great appreciation of the next month. truth, the patriotism, the honesty, or the statements made by the leaders of either faction. The great mass of the independent people, both in town and country, who vote either the whig or democratic ticket, are generally honest, intelligent, and patrietic in their objects and purposes. But the leaders of both parties, in their political measures and purposes, are actuated by a system of morality and integrity hardly a shade more honorable than that of the inmates of Sing Sing. On former occasions, we have seen a democratic Legislature come down and behave themselves in a very unbecoming manner. Recently, we have seen a whole Legislature outstrip all of their predecessors in folly, drunkenintrigue, and questionable conduct. We place little confidence, therefore, in the manifesto er appeal of either faction. The nine million loan is brought forward at this special time by the whigs, for the purpose of enlarging the canals, and enabling themselves and their friends to get fat jobs and contracts from the expenditure. If the democrats had the same chance, they would perpetrate the same abuse. The appearance of things at present is in favor o the whige at the special election, under the cry of internal improvements. The fact is, we are in the middle of one of those periods of inflation, speculation, high prices, extravagance, and folly, such as we witnessed in 1837; but it will take a year or two to mature the crisis and produce a general explosion.

Mocs Accross.-A great deal of credit is claimed in certain official quarters, for the efforts that are made to point out the mock auctions, and prevent them from depredating on the innocent ortion of the community. Mock auctions form but a small part of the rascality of this wonderful metropolis. If the principle should be carried out in reference to all other swindling concerns, we are not sure but that half of Wall street would be marked out and ticketed, in order to prevent people from running to min.

CHARRATION OF THE ASSISSABLE OF THE ST. George's Society-The St. George's Society clebrated their anniversary at the Astor House last evening; but the laterers of the hour at which the company retired, and the pressure on our

NEW YORK HERALD. POSTSORIPT.

SEVEN O'CLOCK, A. M.

Arrival of the Steamship Chic. The steamship Ohio, Lieut. Schenck, commander, arrived at this port this morning, about seven o'clock, from Chagres and Havana. She brings the mail from California. She brings later news from Havana, which will be published in our Evening Edition.

THE MEXICAN CLAIMS-THE FLORIDA CLAIMS-DANGER OF ANOTHER GALPHIN BUSINESS .- The decision of the Commissioners on Mexican claims, recently announced in Washington, has created a great stir in certain quarters, among the unfortunate applicants who have been disappointed; and we are inundated with letters of expostulation and explanation, as to the causes, secret and otherwise, corrupt and of all kinds, which have produced these strange results. These claims amounted originally to seven millions of dollars, but were reduced t three millions and a half. Many of the claimants who have been disappointed, are threatening to hold public meetings in various quarters, and to present petitions and expositions concerning the matter, to the next Congress. Some of the articles which we have, in the shape of letters from Washington, accuse men high in office of the most unheard of and culpable practices in the matter of these claims. We shall wait till we see further into this matter, before we indulge in more remarks.

The reading public must have noticed that within the last few weeks sundry paragraphs have been in circulation, commendatory of the delicacy of Mr. Secretary Corwin in absenting himself from the cabinet until a claim in which he was personally interested, to the amount of many thousands of dollars, should be decided.

The last touch is the following paragraph, which

we find in one of the city papers:—
"The question of interest on the Florida claims, which has so long engaged the attention of the cabinet, is yet pending. Mr. Corwin will not resume his seat in the cabinet until the matter is determined, he having acted as counsel in certain of these cases, before taking office."

We advise Mr. Corwin not to have this claim settled whilst he is in the cabinet, nor even any one of the class of claims of which this is a part. A precedent should not be set, under the influence of the fact that a member of the cabinet is interested. If it is done, he may-and the other members making the allowance may-seek to excuse himself, as was sought in the Galphin case; but the people will say it is a second Galphin affair, and will not listen to their explanations. We have heard something of these Florida

claims, and have been furnished a copy of a list of the allowances since 1834, which paper, although it is a long document, we may publish hereafter, with names of attorneys, and amounts claimed, and amounts allowed and paid in full. The claims are mostly for losses sustained in 1812-'13, &c., by the Floridians, from the operations of the American troops that invaded those provinces, and are a curious and interesting batch. Between one and two millions of dollars, we believe, have been allowed and paid under an act of Congress passed in 1834, though no subsequent appropriation has been passed by Congress. It is now sought to get the interest paid-whether from 1812, when the spoliations were committed; or from 1821, when the Florida treaty (by which the United States, it is said, agreed to pay for them) was made; or from 1834, when the act of Congress was passed authorizing their examination and payment, we are not advised. These claims should have been justly settled, and if they have not been, Congress should yet direct it. Congress is the proper tribunal, and not the Treasury Department; and if we mistake not, the subject f interest has been before Congress heretofore, as it respects these very claims. Mr. Corwin's position is one of the evil effects attendant on the practice of members of Congress being engaged in the proseeution of claims against the United States. It is a corrupt and corrupting practice, and we have heard instances that deserve exposure. A member of longress should be expelled who allows himself to be employed in a claim before the departments or Congress, as an agent or attorney, or who becomes a purchaser of a claim, or who becomes interested in the subject matter of a law before Congressas a contract for land to be purchased by the United States, or the building of a custom house, &c.

Music and the Opera.

With the warm breath of spring, will come in, along the tilantic sea-board, the melodious music of all the great artists who are now in this country. The first sunny day, after a week of rain and storm, invited the lovers of meirg, which may be considered the harbinger of the enl spring. Next week, Bosio, Miss are engaged by Maretzek, will proceed to Boston for a hort season of twelve nights; while here will remain, awaiting the bright future, Steffanone, the great prime donna; Bertucca, Pico-Vietti, and other artistes of eminence, who will be attached to Maretzek's company at Castle Garden, which will be opened about the middle of On the whole, what with the short stay of Jenny Lind

on her return to the city, and occasional musical entertainments, we shall have something to talk about between the present time and the opening of the opera season. As, however, Jenny Lind's concerts will be high priced, and as in bellad singing in her native language, in which she excels, she is most popular and satisfactory to the masses, it seems to us that the first part of the season, from this time till the middle of June, may be made more brilliant by a series of cheap, popular, and yet elegant, concerts, which will tend to restore the old English. Scotch and Irish ballads, which so few can sing with taste and feeling. This task could be well assumed by Madame E. Wallace Bouchelle, who, on her first appear ance on Tuesday evening, created, in ballad singlez, a since the days of Mrs. Wood. We are quite certain that the style in which Mrs. Bouchelle sang the "Star of and "Kathleen Mayourneen," will long be remembered. Though the lady is an admirable seriete and a five musician, her great forts is in the ballade of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. How beautifully would she sing "Home, Sweet Home "In thes, expression and sensibility, we are quite sure that she would surpass any of the vocalists of English song among us, and unquestionably would create a greater apression in the home ballad than even Jenny Lind herself. This would arise from her familiarity with the usic. Her method is quite a model in this style of mude, because she infuses into all parts of her execution a umultuous truthfulness of feeling which makes ballad singing the most difficult, as it is the most popular, de-

Several English rocalists—always male singers—have been very successful in this country, in entertainments constituted entirely of ballads. The late Mr. Wilson, to say nothing of Braham, was very popular, and acquired a large featurine, and Russell, with but a limited voice, amended quite a fortune. There is no reason why Madame Bouchelle should not be more popular, more successful and why she should not, by her own Individual cartisms, in two or three years acquire a very elegant for time by her talents, aided as she might be. In introducing new ballads from the pen of that truly great composers W Vinsent Wallace, her brother. What, for instance, could affect more pleasure to the public than for Washime Semebelle to give a series of concerts, sustained whelly by herself, at Tripler Hall? They would be very successful, we doubt not at fifty cents a ticket because the English. Seatch and Irish ballads are always pepular with the mass of the community, and even though Jenny Lind should be in the city at the time that these concerts should be given, yet they would not be without an immone current of appreciation, for Madame Rouchelle has merits beyond a good personal appearance, an admirable style, and general skill in her art. Her voice is a sweet and parennelled the in the city at the time that these concerts should be given, yet they would not be without an immone current of appreciation, for Madame Rouchelle has merits beyond a good personal appearance, an admirable style, and general skill in her art. Her voice is a sweet and parennelled the second representation in the tones, and fails upon the par, in all her ballads, with a power of modely as charming as it is ancommon. It would be a cause of servet that such a vocasite, therefore should only succeed, in comexion with other talent, when, by a little practical decision, the very best results for the artists, and for families I task in the metapolite, would be achieved. We very exercity common the sent specifies as worthy of the lady's attention, on the sent Several English vocalists-always male singers-have

Mr. McKean Buchanan, the To sion only about two years, and yet, in that time, has rises distinction as given the very warmest promi of the highest eventual elevation. In the course of the past winter he has been in the great cities of the Southern States, where we have watched his progress with more than ordinary interest, because we are well sa-tisfied that he is yet destined to shine very conspicuously in the annals of the stage. In Mobile, according to the journals, his Pamiet, Othello and King Lear were performances of the highest merit. He opened we ber, the Louisville theatre, two or three months ago, and commanded brilliant laudations for his Othello. Shylock and Str Giles Overreach, which was repeated again and again. In Cincinnati, in a wide range of Shaksperoan characters, similar success attended his efforts; and the tragedy of "Cacinna." which he received from an American dramatist as a prophetic token of what the young tragedian was destined to accomplish, has been produced with the most complete success in New Orleans, Mobile, Cincinnati and Pittsburgh. In the latter city, Mr. Buhanan was re-engaged to repeat it, and he appears to have created in that role no ordinary enthusiasm. At New Orleans, Miss Cushman herself engaged Mr. Buchanan, also, we believe, to perform Macbeth, and several other difficult characters, which he accomplished in a highly gratifying manner to the public and to our American tragedicane. In fact, the success of Mr. Buchanan has been so unequivecal and decided, that he has been engaged to appear, during the next season, at all the principal theatres in the South and West. Certainly, these evidences are sufficient to prove that

Mr. Buchanan has made very rapid progress, and we shall look to see him again before the public in this metropolis, where such talents as his must command attention, and lead him at last to a high position. Th tragedy of "Cecinna" ought to be brought out during his engagement, with fair advantages from sceneryand from the performers generally. The Bowery Theatre has a company, and every appliance, besides a manager capable of understanding its scenic demands, and either there or at the Broadway-these being the only theatres equal to the task-a very profitable and gratifying entertainment might be made for all concerned. There have been assertions made by dramatists and others that American actors and American dramatists are no well treated in this city. We shall not believe that there is any truth in such statements till we see how our suggestions are followed. Mr. Hamblin has always been ready to do his part, without reference to where talent has been born, unless the leaning has been towards the country of his adoption, and where for twenty-five years he has carned for himself a managerial reputation that ought to give him a testimonial benefit of as many thousand dollars, if services in the cause of the drama are duly considered. We do not doubt that the friends of the drama will not make any reasonable request of him in vain. One thing we are quite certain of-that Mr. Buchanan springing from two distinguished families, respected as a ntleman in all the Southern cities and in this metronolis and widely and extensively known for the urbani ties and courtesies of a sircere and warm heart will command by these as well as his talents, as full a measure of encouragement in the steep and thorny career of his profession, as any one who has been destined for equal distinction. We shall take pleasure in giving him support, because we are fully persuaded he will amply realize our most sanguine hopes, and shall look upon his reappearance in this city as an event of no con tance in the theatrical world.

City Intelligence.

ATTEMPTED SECRET CUBAN EXPEDITION-A STEAM-BOAT CHARTERED BY THE U. S. MARSHAL—THE CHIEF OF POLICE CALLED UPON TO AID THE U. S. AUTHORITIES.

Yesterday evening, Mr. Tallmadge, the U.S. Marshal, received intelligence that a packet ship had been chartered by certain individuals interested in the invasion of Cuha, and that she had been secretly fitted out with all the necessary implements of war, and had been taken down the bay, where she was anchored, and awaiting the arrival of several hundred men, who had enlisted in the expedition, but would not go on board while the vessel was lying at this port. The information was kept pretty quiet, and the U. S. Marshal immediately had the deamer Jacob Bell chartered, which was quickly steamed up, and kept in readiness at the end of pier No. 1 North river. In the meantime, Mr. Tallmadge called upon the Chief of Police to furnish a force of his men to aid and assist the U. S. authorities in frustrating the attempt to organize a secret expedition to sail for Cuba, and commit their depredations, in open and direct violation of the laws of the United States. Mr. Matsell promptly seconded to the request of the U. S. Marshal, and in less than an hour he had a force of some fifty or sixty men ready to proceed with the Marshal and his deputies. All further arrangements being consummated, they proceeded to pier No. 1, and boarded the steamer Jacob Bell which steamed towards Governor's Island, but soon turned up the East river, and went alongside of a U.S. revenue cutter, which was made fast, and they sailed down the bay, in search of the craft that is suspected of being engaged in the secret Cuban expedition.

At a late bour last night we learned that the Marshal and his force would probably remain down the bay until this morning, in order to watch the movements of those on board of the vessel, and also such persons as were be conveyed to the craft at

Construction in this city. Our report is clowded out.

Dearn of Max Been—Supresso Murder, —Yesterday Coroner Geer was called to hold an inquest at the City Hospital on the bedy of Max Beek a young man aged about twenty-five years, who came to his death by a severe fracture of the skull while engaged in an afray on Sunday night last, at a porter house situated at the corner of Tenth avenue and Fifty-fourth street. A number of persons, it seems, attacked the deceased on that occasion, but he was unable to defend himself against them all, and the result was the infliction of blows which caused bis death. The Coroner has issued his warrant for the arrest of several persons said to have been concerned in the murderous afray. The investigation will be held by the Coroner at the City Hospital, at twelve o'clock this day. We understand that a desperate gang of young men, who style themselves the "Protection Quard," parade about the upper wards of the city, dealing out their deathly blows to all who perchance should cause their displeasure. It is this gang of desperadoes who are alleged to be the perpetrators of the above outrage.

Attental at Suicide—A Hormere Sont—Issaniry. convention in this city. Our report is crowded out

are alleged to be the perpetrators of the above outrage.

ATYOUT AT SCHOIDE—A HORRIELE SHORT—I-SANDIY.—
An emigrant woman by the name of Mary Hayden, evidently insane, attempted to take her life yesterday morning by cutting her throat absolutely from ear to ear, almost severing the windpipe. The unfortunate woman was stopping with some friends at No. 57 Elizabeth street, who, on discovering her situation, covered with blood, despatched a message to the city prison, and Dr. Coville, the prison surgeon, hastened to the dying woman, when he found alive, although in a very low state. The wound was sewed up in the dector's usual skilful manner, and the poor woman was then conveyed to the lumatic asylum. It is believed she will die.

The Knox Hat for the present season Is one of the primest things that ever this celebrated hatter has yet produced. It is the very "modd of form" that a gentleman of required tasse would believe at once from a thousand others, and then the unterials are so excellent, the color so lasting, and the hinds no fine, that they retain their "newest gloss for a great length of time. We believe that every New Yorker, and aimest every American know that Know's sters is at 125 Fulton street, and his beautiful Hats but \$4 each.

The Carpet Bag .- Messrs. Snow and Wilder The Carpet Bag.—Messrs. Snow and Wilder have composed the publication of an elegant quarto sheet in Boston, bearing this unique name. Mr. B. P. Shillaber, the original and only genuine "Mr. Partington," is one of the editory, and each number contains contributions from writers of established reputation, with have rougillustrations by some of the best artists in Boston. The Carpet Bag has only reached its fourth number, but it has already actained a very extensive circulation. It cannot be openated without reading sensations of pleasure. A few loose popules will buy it at any of the periodical and newspaper depote.

Opposition to all Monopolics.—Berford & Co. s. California Express by steamship Promethens, Monday, 5th inst.—Postage to California, 10 cents (reight, 40 cents) proposed to propose on the control of the Control of the California, 10 cents (reight, 40 cents) proposed to the California of the Californi

The Crayon Style of Daguerreotypes, so much admired by artists, was patented by John A Whipple. Buston, and taken in this city only at Root's Gallery, 353 Broadway, corner of Franklin atreet. Patent Tapestry Three Ply Carpeting, at

Singer's Sewing Machines for sale at \$25

a piece, less than can be bought in the city. Apply of Bowery; they will be ready for delivery on Friday. G. E. Lockwood, Merchant Tallor, has renaved to No. I Astor House, where he will be pleased to see its friends, who can have their orders executed in the most sald unble manner, and on reasonable terms. No. I Astor Iouse, Broadmay.

Watches and Gold Pens .- A more beautiful officialism of watches cannot be found in the city, then that directly d. Y. Savene, in Felton street. He not only wanted to the in every particular, but sails them at remarkably loss prices. He kinkeling ever-particular direct and are a remarkably loss prices. He kinkeling ever-particular direct and article. We would recommend them to be writing

The Great Sale of 75,000 yards of Carpet-

point commenced in England, and is continued in American the mean time orders pour into Garan's for his Spri Style. The prevailing latitude as regards fashion, however induces many to modify the mode of the season, and these a furnished to gratiny individual tarte for four dollars. GENIN, 214 Brondway, opposite St. Pauls.

-Dr. Robinson, Surgeon and Phy-from London, has associated himself with sician, recently from London, has associated himself with Dr. Wheeler, Osulist, for the treatment of diseases of the eye, and the practice of opthalmic surgery. Artificial eyes, in ap-pearance equal to the natural organ, inserted without pain. Office, 28 Barcian street.

Artificial Eyes—Just Imported, a large Lot the finest and most boautiful French Artificial Eyes, by . James W. Powell, oculist, arrist, &c., 1½ Warren rest. They can be inserted without the slightest pain or eration; and, when properly adapted, will look exactly to the natural eye.

The Greatest Improvement in Hair Dyel-For which the highest premium was awarded to 0. M. Bal lard, Chemick, &c. by which the hair can be colored any slade in ten microtes, without the trouble of waching before or after the application. Price 30 cents and SI per bettle, double the size of any other. Ome e. No. 130 Futton street. The most eminent Chemists, after care

The most eminent Chemists, after car ful analysis, have decided that Bogle's Electric Hair Dys superior to anything yet produced; and at the last Mechani Fair held in Boston, the celebrated chemist, Dr. Jackss discovers of ether, one of the judges, after careful comps son and trial with all the popular hair dyes of the day, pi neunced Regie's Electric Hair Dys superior to them all, a awarded to Mr. Bogle the premium, being the first and or instance where a premium was given for a hair dye. M he had of A. B. & D. Sands, 100 Fulton street; Rushte Clarke & Co., 273 Broadway; Cary & Co., and Brigham Day, Pearl street, New York.

Phalon's Magic Hair Dye, to color the hair whiskers the mement it is applied, without injury to thair or skin. It can be washed immediately without distribution the color, and has no bad odor. It is applied, or solt Phalon's Wig and Toupes manufactory, My Broadway for sale in the city and country by druggists generally.

Gonraud's Liquid Hair Dye Instantly converts red or gray hair to brows or black. Gouraud's Italian Medicated Soap carrs tan, pimples, freekles, cruptose. Gouraud's Foucher Subtits of the Community of the Commun

Hair Dye .- The old fashioned Hair Dyes are completely thrown in the shade by the wonderful in provement in Thompson's Liquid Hair Dye, which can applied without regard to the weather; it never turns thair green, and is warranted superior to any dye in use, the money returned. For sale, or applied, at 17 Park Ro under Earle's Hotel; price 75 cents.

Hair Dye .- Bachelor's original and genuine Liquid derives increased popularity from the numerous imitations of it now offered to the public. All know it is not the worthless things that are imitated. The genuine is for sale or applied at No. 4 Wall street; sold also by all the druggists and perfumeries in town and country. Beware of imitations.

Wigs and Toupees .- We would call the attention of persons requiring Wigs, to a recont improvement. The same was awarded a silver medal for the first premium at the last fair. They can be seen at E. PHALON'S Wig and Hair Dve Factory, 127 Broadway, corner of Dey street. Citizens and strangers are invited to examine before purchasing elsewhere. Copy his address.

Wigs and Toupees.—Hatchelor's celebrated newly invented Wigs give most entire satisfaction to wear-ers: all unite in prenouncing then the most comfortable, and the best adapted to the requirements and taste of each in-dividual, than any yet introduced. They are for sale at the factory, No. 4 Wall street.

Hutchings' Vegetable Dyspepsia Bitters This admirable remedy for dyspepsia is wonderfully effec-tions in all nervous complaints, and those whose nerves as matrung would find restoration to health by its use. It : sold at the low price of 50 cents per bottle, and can be pre-vured, wholesale and retail, at flutchings' principal office.

Bush's Renovating Aromatic Cordial, as a restorative for general debility, dyspepsia, weakness stomach, loss of appetite, &c., is beyond a doubt the sylendid compound, bath in quality and taste, ever ; Sold at 319 Greenwich, corner of Duane street. Pri Hall's Palingenesia-A certain Cure for

dyspepsia, liver complaint, costiveness, dropsy, rheumatism scrotulous humors, piles, boile, and all diseases arising from impurities of the blood. It has been used for many years and has always proved efficacious in eradicating the most obstinate diseases. It is a pleasant and agreeable orifial All persons who have used it, pronounce it the best medicin that can be precured. Made and sold by Wm. Smith Hall sole proprietor, No. 159 Howery.

Facts worth knowing .- Dr. Green's Or genated Bitters are a sovereign remedy for Dyspensia in all its various forms, such as pains in the Stomach, Hearthorn, Habitual Costiveness, Acid Stomach, Headache, Loss of Appetite, Piles, Night Sweats, Asthma or Phithiste, Flatulency or wird in the Stomach, Nervousness, Coldenses of the Extremities, Weakness of the Limbs, General Debility, and all the indescribable symptoms of this universal disease. Price \$1 per hottle: six hottles for \$5. For sale by A. B. & D. Sands, 196 Follon street; and A. L. Scovill & Co. 316, and C. H. Ring, 192 Broadway, N. York; and by the Druggists enerally.

MONEY MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, April 23-6 P. M. The Asia's news has had no particular influence upon the stock market. The large amount of specie—\$558,538 —carried out by the Africa to-day, had a greater effect upon Wall street operations. There is not, however, so much apprehension in the public mind in relation to the movements of specie as in previous years; and as the receipts from California are greatly in excess of shipments to foreign ports, the effect of any large exportation is merely temporary, and confined to a few bull stock speculators. The European news does not amount to much The markets remained the same as previously reported, both as regards prices and demand. Consols were withquest. The revenue returns of Great Britain for the year ending April 5th, show an increase of £446.119. More than one half of this increase was in the last quarter, The change in the ministry of France had produced no excitement in political circles, and financial affairs throughout the Continent remained quiet.

There were large transactions to-day, at the first board, in all the leading fancies, but prices were not sustained. Reading and Eric fell off considerably the former 13, and the latter three-fourths per cent. Farmers' declined one-fourth per cent.; Erie Convertible bonds five-eighths; Morris Canal one eighth; Norwich and Wercester one-half; Harlem one-half; Stonington one-quarter. New Jersey Mining Company advanced half per cent with small sales. Some foreign capitalists have been negotiating with this company for a supply of zinc ore, to manufacture in England, on account of its great purity and cheapness. Morris Canal cannot move upward much in the face of the late official report. Any dividend on the old stock, this year, is entirely out of the question. Portsmouth and Edgeworth continue without material alteration. These stocks start so suddenly and improve so rapidly, that it is only those who are at the time fortunate enough to hold, who derive the benefit of such movements.

The receipts at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of port, to-day, amounted to \$101,990 93; payments, \$15.486 12-balance, \$3.787.016 92. The Hudson River Railroad will pay, on the 16th of

May, a semi-annual interest dividend of three and a half per cent. The Mechanics and Traders' Bank has declared a divi-

dend of one dellar and fifty cents per share. The Metropolitan Bank has been duly organized, with a capital of two millions of dollars, and will soon com-mence business at No. 54 Wall street, rear building.

The demand for foreign exchange was active to-day, and in consequence of the short supply upon the market drawers advanced their rates. We now quote bills on London, 10% a 10% per cent premium; on Paris, 5 f. 10 a 5 f. 73s; Amsterdam, 413s a 413s; Bremen, 79 a 793s; Hamburg, 36% a 57. The steamship Africa, for Liverpool takes out between five and six hundred thousand dollars in specie-about one-half silver and one-half gold There is a moderate demand for land warrants, old

issue; they are selling at \$137 a \$140. The Union Bank has declared a semi-annual dividen-

of five per cent.

The Merchants' Insurance Co. of Boston have declared dividend of fifteen per cent. The special agent sent to examine the condition of the

Lewis County Bank, (Mr. Andrew White, of Albany.) has published his report. He states that the aggregate amount of assets known as bills " receivable discounted." is \$234,557 80. Of this rum, \$196,927 75 are due from E N. Hamilton, treasurer, and F. Hollister, agent. The balance of these bills are supposed to be good. The bank has obtained judgments against three manufacturing mills, to the amount of \$173,897 40, as security for the pryment of the bills discounted for Mesers, Hollister and Hamilton. These, and the amounts advanced by Mr. Hollister, \$24,139 09, will secure the debt, and when converted into money, will enable the bank to renew its buelners, and to pay the stockholders more than dollar for dellar on their steek, besides having abundant funds to redeem all its outstanding circulating notes. If the judgments should not be converted at once into money. then other means will be required to provide for the payment of the notes unredeemed, and which, according to the ordinary course of business, as ast present themselves during the next sixty or minety days, at the hank of th redeeming spent at Albany.

The break in the Chempeake and Ohio Canal, at Wil-

lamsport, Md , which occurred last week has been re- | a.

paired, and the canal is again in navigable order, the week ending the 17th inst., 1,648 tons of c shipped on the canal, and 2,756 tons on the Ba and Ohio Railroad.

The receipts of the Cleveland, Columbus, and Cincinnati Ratirond, exclusive of mails and expresses, are stated to be \$1,000 per day. This is with an incomplete equip-

ment, and but four trains.

At a meeting of the Wilmington and Manchester Rall-read Company, held at Wilmington, N. C., on the 10th inst. a resolution was adopted to provide for the comto the amount of eight hundred thousand dollars. These bonds are to be redeemable in not over twenty years, to bear interest at the rate of seven per cent, payable semiannually, to be secured by a mortgage on the road, and to be convertible at par into the stock of the company.

The citizens of Philadelphia are making great efforts

to reach the great lakes of the West by railroad, and they are perfectly alive to the advantages of such a con-nection. Philadelphia will have an advantage over New York, in distance. By the way of Sunbury and the west branch of the Susquehannah, a shorter route to Lake Erie exists than New York has within this State. From New York to Buffalo, via Albany, the distance is five hundred and fifty-six miles. By the Eric Railroad the distance is five hundred and seventeen miles-a saving of only thirtynine miles. The total distance between Philadelphia and Erie by the Reading and Mine Hill railroads to Sunbury, and thence by the contemplated improvement, is only four hundred and thirty-six miles; being eighty-one miles one hundred and twenty miles less than the line by Albany to Buffalo. From Philadelphia to Sunbury, by the route referred to, which cuts through the heart of the first and second anthracite fields, is one hundred and fifty miles of which one hundred and eighteen are constructed and in operation; leaving a gap of thirty-two miles to be built between Coal Castle and Shamokin. There are three other routes, all through the anthracite region, to Sunbury—that by the Mount Carbon Railroad and Sha-mekin, which is one hundred and forty-six miles long, with thirty-three miles to be constructed; a second by the Mill Creek Railroad, of one hundred and fifty two miles: leaving thirty-four unfinished; and the third by the Little Schuylkill and Catawissa route, which is one hundred and sixty-seven miles in all, leaving sixty-nine miles of road to make—of which, however, thirty-five are already graded. The average length of the three first named routes to Sunbury is less than one hundred and fifty miles; the average of all four less than one hundred and fif-ty-four miles. From Sunbury to Erie, by the route surveyed is but two hundred and eighty-six miles in all and it passes through the great bituminous coal field of the north, and opens an avenue to a now neglected region of the State, of prodigious natural resources of all kinds.

The Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company are push ing forward the road with great energy. Every section constructed is immediately brought into active operation, and its income used in the extension of the line. The financial operations of the company have been as annexed :-

The receipts of the company on account of capital stock, have been \$5.822 210 00 Disbursements. 5.695.546 12

Available means to carry on work.....\$1,760.203 88 A single track of the road has been in working order om Harrisburgh to Johnstown, using the State Portage for some time past, and has afforded great facilities for trade and travel. The balance of the work is being prosecuted with great energy and skill. An additional por tion of the road on the western division will be opened during the summer, and it is expected that by the of navigation it will be completed so as to carry passen-gers to Pittsburgh, with the use of stages only twenty-

As an indication of what may be expected when the road is completed, we may state that in the sixteen months that detached portions of it have been in operation, averaging about ninety miles, the receipts for passengers, mails, and freight, have been \$286,860 14. When complete, the business must be very heavy, and the investment in the stock become a profitable one.

Counterfeit fives, on the Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank of Albany, are in circulation. Paper white and coarse, and engraving poor; has the appearance of being struck from a plate worn out through much use. The figures composing the vignette, a male and female, repreenting agriculture. &c., are so badly done that the fea tures can scarcely be distinguished. So, also, the State arms of New York, on left margin. This is, undoubtedly a new issue of a counterfest that was first put into circu lation two or three years since.

The report of the Morris Canal and Banking Company

for the year ending April 7th, 1851, presents the annexed statement of the financial operations during the year :MORRIS CANAL AND BANKING COMPANY.

	EXPENDITURES.	
	Current charges for 1850	\$63,239
	Floating debt and interest	
	Interest Coupons on Bonded debt	80,106
	Dividends on Preferred Stock	
	New Work. (Improvement account)	
		5.356
	New Boats. Steam Tow Boat.	8,576
ŀ		
	Land Damages	3,902
	Commissions. Salary of Trustess of Mortgage Loan, for	15,125
	1848 and 1849	1.200
	Current charges for 1851	87
	SUNORY ACCOUNTS.	
	Debts due the Company 7.097	
	Loans and Bills receivable	
	Donne and Dine receivable 20,000	
ł		
ı	\$33,963	
	Less debts due by the Co12.903	
	" Bills payable	
	Suspense account	479
i	Cash on hand	8,687
ı		
l		583,270
	RECEIPTS.	
	Earnings in 1850 \$109.173	
	Sales of Preferred Stock	
	Other resources 1,347	
ì	Come recommendation and a second	US22 970

There have been subscribed and issued in all 5,127 shares of preferred stock; the proceeds of rising 2,000 shares were required to pay the floating debt and back interest, the balance being required to pay for the improvements made on the planes west of the summit level. The income derived from the company's operations during the year ending 31st December, 1850, amounts to the sum of \$199.173 22, reaching very nearly the estimate submitted in the last annual report. The current expenses during the same period, have been \$63,239 21, leaving the net carnings at \$45,934 01, and which would have been increased to at least \$60,000, if the interruption in the navigation, above referred to, had not occurred. This sum has enabled the directorto meet the den ands upon them for interest on the bonded debt, and to pay dividends on the preferred stock at the rate of ten per cent per annum.

The sanexed table exhibits the amount of tonnage treesported and the amount of toils received in each of the past six years: shares of preferred stock; the proceeds of rising 2,000

trensported and sactified the past six years:

Monnis Cavat Company.

Tonnege.

| Tennage | Tells | Te

It will be seen by this, that in 1848, with a tennage of nearly fifty thousand toes more than in 1847, the toils were \$2.150 34 less, and in 1848, with an increase of only 29.623 tons, compared with 1848 there was an increase in toils of \$24.628 73. We cannot reconcile these discrepancies, or rather, these inconsistencies. The Fresident, in his report, says — Although the avenues from the coalfields have been multiplied, and a flerce competition in its transportation to market readers it difficult to estimate, with any degree of accuracy, the amount of business to be done by the Morris canal, yet we feel and the transportation of the property of the second of the coal state of the per cent per annual on the preferred stock." This is no doubt satisfactory to the holders of the old stock.

Stock Exchange.							
\$1000 Erie 7's, '99		102%	250	she Stonington	RR	4334	
(1000 Krie Inc Bds		96	150	do	1,30	44	
6000 Erie Conv		95	260	Long Island RI	t	2314	
seco do	1400	1036	100	do	1.60	2502	
1000 Frie Inc Bds		196	200	do	1490	230	
2000 Hudsen 2d Bd		197.54	450	60	2000	4922	
14(00) do 141 Bd		105		Roch & Syr RR		Torn.	
4000 Ill int Imp in		38	10	Ohio Trust		109	
40 she Munbattan.	ns.	117	20	do .		109	
50 Phenix Bank	-	107	100	Eric RR	1530	190	
50 Del & Hud full	1 400		50	do	Broke	68932	
40 Ocean Bank		106	\$50	do		W112	
16 Bk of Com fail		1071	50	40	1,50	SEFF	
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100 de		1007	50	40	1:10	W912	
100 Far Trust	100	661	25	40	8530	80	
100 40	107.04	114 34	50			2013	
20 Cauton Co	100		50	de	83)	800	
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			250	Edgeworth Co.			
			541	Ports Dry Dock		1074	
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			200	do	1:30	11	
220 40							
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RESULT PROCESS. 71	1.500	1512	100	Harlem RR	1000	7/17/2	
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Cooper, eldest daughter of Obediah Cooper, Esq., all of Brooklyn.

At New London, on Tuesday. April 22. by the Rev. Robert A. Hallan, Chandler Shurri, Esq., of Magon, Georgia, to Miss Many E. Beansen, of New London, At Calvary Church, on the 23d of April, by the Rev. P. L. Hawks, Bryannis Stage Ear, to Frances Marilda, daughter of the inte Francis Barrett, all of this city.

On the 15th of April, by the Rev. J. C. Green, Mr. Alfxander McCollow to Miss Racisel, Walling.

On Wednesday evening, the 23d of April, by the Rev. J. P. Thompson, James V. Schenenk to Francis Amelia; also, on the same evening, Stilvester J. Centrs. of Menden, Conn. to Harmer Augusta, daughters of Captain Thomas B. Hulse, of this city.

On Wednesday evening, the 23d of April, by the Rev. N. J. Marselus, Mr. Richand B. Fosick to Miss Adaling. F. Van Breins, daughter of the late Captain Feter B. Van Bemen, all of this city.

On Tuesday, April 22, Jane, daughter of James and Jane Stewart aged 6 years and 3 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further invitation, on Thursday afternoon, 24th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, 744 Washington atreet.

On Tuesday evening, April 22, of consumption, Williams MURRAY.

alternoon, 24th inst., at 2 o clock. From the residence of her parents, 744 Washington street.

On Tuesday evening, April 22, of consumption, Williams Minary.

His friends and acquaintances, and those of his brother, Rebert Murray, also of his mother. Ann Jane Murray, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his brother. No. 40 Rutgers street, on Thursday atternoon, at 35, o clock, without further invitation. Suddenly, Calka C., son of Nehemials and Lucia M. Tunis, aged 6 months and 3 days.

The friends of the family are requested to attend his funeral, without further notice, on Thursday morning, at 11 o'clock, from No. 22 Le Roy street. The remainswill be taken to Trinity Cemetery.

On Wednesday morning, the 23d of April, Kark C. Hamilton, and her brother-in-law, William H. Hamilton, and brother-in-law, Augustus F. Thompson, all of the United States Navy, are particularly requested to attend her funeral, on Friday, at 2 o'clock, P. M., from the residence of the former, 210 High street, Brooklyn.

Toronto, U. C., papers please copy.

On Wednesday evening, the 23d of April, Ediza Warshiff, and her brother, and adopted daughter of the late-David Bryson.

The friends of her husband, and those of the family, are invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her brother. Peter M. Bryson, 85 Warren street, on Friday, the 25th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M.

On the 20th of April, at the Twenty-sixth street Bospital, of typhus fever, W. McGer, aged 35 years, a native of County Donegal, Ireland.

In Stamford, Connecticut, on the 17th of April, Emglish, wife of April, at the Twenty-sixth street Bospital, of typhus fever, W. McGer, aged 35 years, a native of County Donegal, Ireland.

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In Stamford, Connecticut, on the 17th of April, Emglish, wife of April, at the Twenty-sixth street Bospital, of typhus fev

Antwerp.
On the 3d of April, at the residence of his son, in Union.
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Antwerp.

On the 3d of April, at the residence of his son, in Union-county, Indiana, Joseph Paddack, formerly of Nantucket, in the 22d year of his age, a member of the Friends' society. He was one of those incarecrated in the course of the revolution, on beard the notorious prison ship "Jersey," at New York.

At Tonawanda Indian village, on the 14th of April, Jans Bracksenth (Daonchogawah), the veteran King of the Six Nations, and "Keeper of the western door of the Long House," aged 79 years. For a long series of years this distinguished Chief exercised an almost unlimited influence over the Senecas and the other remnants of the Six Nations, and successfully resisted, by his wise counsels, and matchless cunning, alike the designs of precuptionism, and every innovation upon the time-honored social customs and religion of the Iroquois. A principal leader of our Indian alies in the war of 1812, he won high cologiums for his constancy and intrepid bravery; and though he cherished the distruct of the pale faces and their honesty, characteristic of his race, he was uniform in the practice of hospitality, to which many of the surviving pioneers of Western New York can bear grateful testimony. The funeral of the venerable Chief was attended by a large concourse of people—both whites and Indians—and was conducted with the imposing rites and solemnities always observed by the Iroquois on suchoceasions. The Indians appeared deeply impressed with the loss they had sustained, and responded, with every evidence of deep emotion, to the culogy and funcral oration delivered over his remains by Jem Johnson, or Sosehawah. As head Chief of the Wolf tribe of Senecas, his immediate predecasor to so a popointed by the annual nawah. As head Chief of the Wolf tribe of Senecas, his immediate predecessor was the renowned orator, Red Jacket; his successor is to be appointed by the annual council of the confederacy, which will convene sometime next autumn. The death-halloo, announcing the demise of a great Chief, will be sounded in the distant and widely scattered villages of the Iroquois, as a signal for a national mourning.—Rochester (N. Y.) American, April 21.

ADVERTISEMENTS RENEWED EVERY DAY.

SPECIAL NOTICES. A FREE LECTURE TO LADIES WILL BE DELIVERED by Dr. BANNING this day at 3½ o'clock, P. M., at the Society Library Rems, 34 Breadway, on the deformities of the Spine and Shoulders, the Breadway, on the deformaties of the Spine and Shoulder in the Company of the cultivation of a symmetrical and graceful form of body.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN GAS LIGHT COM-pany, April 23, 1851.—Notice is hereby given, that on and after the first day of January next, the price of Gas serveds by this company to its customers, will be reduced from the present price of three dollars and fifty cents, to three dollars for thousand cubic feet. By order of the Board of Directors. SAMUEL III. HOWARD, Secretary.

TO THE I. O. OF O. F.—TO THE OFFICERS AND Brothers of Acora Lodge, No. 27, I. O. of O. F.—You are herely notified to attend a special meeting of this Lodge, to be held on Thursday evening. April 24, at the residence of Brother Dunn, corner of First avenue and Thirs street. THOS. STORY, N. G.

WASHINGTON CEMETERY, NEAR GREENWOOD W ASHINGTON CEMETERY, NEAR Unknown of the Cometery,—Lots of 80 square feet in this beautiful, retired spot, only one and a half miles from Greenwood, near the plank road, (fee for funcaris.) leading from Brooklyn, to Coney Island, are sold at \$10 each, the price paid for offer grave in Greenwood, and three in this. This cemetery is designed for those, as well as others, who cannot afford, or who are not disposed, to pay high prices elsewhere for their last homes. Lot owners are proprietors, the same as in other incorporated rural burying grounds. The location is one that will never be disturbed to fill up the docks in the bay of New York. Office, 136 Fulton street, New York.

J. O. FAY, M. D., Agent.

A CARD-THE BOARD OF MANAGERS BEG TO AC-knowledge (with many thanks) the donation of one bundred dollars, from the Hon. Horace Greeley, to the Shirt ewers Co-operative Union. HENRY J. CRATE, Sec. NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR t-PROPOSALS WILL BE received at the office of the Bank of the Republic, Merchants' Exchange, Hanover street, until Saturday next, 25th inst., for the buildings Nos. 88 and 90 Broadway, corner of Wall street. Said buildings to be entirely removed on or before Saturday, May 17th. Possocion given May 1st, at noon.

HENRY F. VALL, Cashier.

TEXAS LAND AGENCY.—THE UNDERSIGNED OF-fers his services as an agent in all matters appertaining to lands in Texas, but particularly to select univocated lands, and procure patents for the same. Terms moderate, and will be made known when informed what it has be done. Address. H. G. CATLETT, Dallas, Texas.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

COPARTNERSHIP—THOMAS WARRIN HAVING this day entered into copartnership with his brother. Mr. John Warrin, the business heretfore conducted under the name of Thomas Warrin will be continued under the firm of J. & T. Warrin, at No. 45 Maiden lane, New York. John Warrin, THOMAS WARRIN.

DARTNER WANTED-WITH ABOUT \$2,000 CAPITAL, to join the advertiser in the manufacturing of Gold Pen-cile. Address "Partner," Herald office, stating where an interview may be had.

A LUMIÈRE, (THE LIGHT), A SPECIAL NEWS-paper for the Hellographie, that is to say, Photography and Daguerrectype—office, Rue de l'Arcade, No. 15, Paris, The journal is published every Sunday, and its first number is dated February 9. Price of subscription 29 france (\$4). A specimen is sent, if demanded by a prepaid letter. An agent wanted in New York.

L CNDON ART JOURNAL FOR APRIL, LONDON IL-tel untrated News, Punch, Lodies' Newspaper, &c., re-ceived per steamer Asia, and for sale wholeasis and retail by Adriance, Sierman & Co., 2 Actor Home, Brondway. All new publications and periodicals received a soon as issued, and tooks imported to order by every steamer. 10,000 PRINTS, 6,000 VOLS, OF BOOKS, JUST Shop, 102 Nassan street; also a fine collection of Classical Books, do. French, Morgan's Masonry, Allyn's Rival of Masonry. All the new publications at rectaced prices.

JOHN F. NEAGLE, 102 Nassan street.

W ANTED-ANY ONE HAVING TWO OR THREE good Paper Routes to dispose of, can hear of a good opportunity by addressing a note to P. N., Store No. 25. Bleecker street.

HOMESTEADS.

A HOME FOR ALL:—MANHATTAN BUILDING ASsociation, established pursuant to the act of incorporation, passed May 10th, ISCI.—Books are now open to receive
mustifulions, at the Secretary's office, for these whe had not
an opportunity to subscribe at the meeting.
Shares, S100; Monthly dues, only S3. The principles of
this Association are far more liberal than any that have yen
been presented to the public, and the unprecedented advantages offered to shareholders must prove highly acceptable
to those who desire to escape the burdening tax of high
reats. The first payment began April 14, and persons can,
have an apportunity to join at the present rates until the
second Monday in May, when the second instalment will become due.

ome due.
Rules, &c., can be obtained at the Secretary's office.
MORGAN MORGANS, President,
Ww. L. Bosrock, Secretary, 50 Nassau st., room 9.

"EVERY MAN HIS OWN LANDLORD."-THE ERY MAN HIS OWN LANDLORD."—THE MINISTER CHION BUILDING ASSOCIATION WILL had a special meeting on Timerlay evening, 24th inst., at 8 o'clook, at Military Hall, Bowery, opposite Spring street, for the purpose of reorganizing, and amending the Constitution, in conformity with the act of incorporation just passed by the Lepislature. Every member is requested to be present, and if those who wish to purchase a home with the very money they are now paying to their inneliceds—to men and sometime and children of a larger growth—we say, come, and get a protection, inductor yourselves, and produce a home. Will, Parker, Secretary, or Messrs, Harnard & Parsons, 16 Wall street, will give every information required.

THE NEW VILLAGE OF STRATTONPORT.—THIS beautiful place still continues to attract the attention or all these who are desirous of selecting a spot on which to build a home which they can sail their own. No man can be considered independent until he puts himself out of the power of his landiord. The proprietors of this new village have made arrangements to lace an excension to visit it on Monday, the lette line. The problem will then be enabled to indee for the said whether the location can be surpassed in the State, either for beauty of scenary or pure nic. Her proximity to these. There is handlescendarly desirable for proximity to the said of the THE NEW VILLAGE OF STRATTONPORT,-THIS